ATTORNEY'S DOCKET NUMBER FORM PTO-1390 (REV. 11-2000) US57.0320-WO TRANSMITTAL LETTER TO THE UNITED STATES U.S. APPLICATION NO. (If known, see 37 CFR 1.5) DESIGNATED/ELECTED OFFICE (DO/EO/US) CONCERNING A FILING UNDER 35 U.S.C. 371 \ INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION NO. INTERNATIONAL FILING DATE PRIORITY PCT/GB00/02697 13 July (13.07:00) 14 July 1999 (14.07.99) TITLE OF INVENTION DOWNHOLE SENSING APPARATUS WITH SEPARABLE ELEMENTS APPLICANT(S) FOR DO/EO/US SHEPPARD, Michael Charles and ZIMMERMAN, Thomas Harvey Applicant herewith submits to the United States Designated/Elected Office (DO/EO/US) the following items and other information: This is a FIRST submission of items concerning a filing under 35 U.S.C. 371. 2. This is a **SECOND** or **SUBSEQUENT** submission of items concerning a filing under 35 U.S.C. 371. This is an express request to begin national examination procedures (35 U.S.C. 371(f)). The submission must include 3. items (5), (6), (9) and (21) indicated below. Mark The US has been elected by the expiration of 19 months from the priority date (Article 31). 4. A copy of the International application as filed (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(2)) 5 is attached hereto (required only if not communicated by the International Bureau). b.  $\boxtimes$ has been communicated by the International Bureau. is not required, as the application was filed in the United States Receiving Office (RO/US). c. An English language translation of the International Application as filed (35 U.S.C. 371(C)(2)). is attached hereto. b. has been previously submitted under 35 U.S.C. 154(d)(4). Amendments to the claims of the International Application under PCT Article 19 (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(3)). are attached hereto (required only if not communicated by the International Bureau). have been communicated by the International Bureau. b. have not been made; however, the time limit for making such amendments has NOT expired. C. đ have not been made and will not be made. П An English language translation of the amendments to the claims under PCT Article 19 (35 U.S.C. 371 (c)(3)). 8. 9. П An oath or declaration of the inventor(s) (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(4)). 10. An English language translation of the annexes of the International Preliminary Examination Report under PCT Article 36 (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(5)). Items 11 to 20 below concern document(s) or information included: An Information Disclosure Statement under 37 CFR 1.97 and 1.98. 11. An assignment document for recording. A separate cover sheet in compliance with 37 CFR 3.28 and 3.31 is 12. 13. M A FIRST preliminary amendment.  $\Box$ A SECOND or SUBSEQUENT preliminary amendment. 14. 15. A substitute specification. 16. A change of power of attorney and/or address letter. A computer-readable form of the sequence listing in accordance with PCT Rule 13ter.2 and 35 U.S.C. 1.821-1.825. 17.  $\boxtimes$ A second copy of the published international application under 35 U.S.C. 154(d)(4). (WO 01/04661 A2) 18. 19. A second copy of the English language translation of the international application under 35 U.S.C. 154(d)(4). 図 20 Other items or information: - Form PCT/IB/308 Notice Informing the Applicant of the Communication of the International Application to the Designated Offices - PCT/ISA/220 and 210 dated 12 October 2000 (without references) - PCT/IPEA/416 and 409 dated 01 October 2001 (without references)

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U.S. APPLICATION NO. (1f known, see 37 CFR 1.5)		INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION NO		ATTORNEY'S DOCKET NUMBER			
10/049749		PCT/GB00/02697		US57.0320-WO			
21. The following		CALCULATIONS PTO	USE ONLY				
BASIC NATIONAL Neither international	FEE (37 CFR 1.492 preliminary examinati						
nor international sear	ch fee (37 CFR 1.445)	a)(2) paid to USPTO					
		ed by the EPO or JPO.					
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Surcharge of \$130.0	o for furnishing the oa	th or declaration later t	han 20 🛛 30	\$130.00			
months from the earl	liest claimed priority d	ate (37 CFR 1.492(e)).					
CLAIMS	NUMBER FILED	NUMBER EXTRA	RATE				
Total claims	14 - 20 =	00	x \$18.00	\$00.00			
Independent claims	3 - 3 =	00	x \$84.00	\$00.00			
	DENT CLAIM(S) (if	applicable)	+ \$280.00	\$			
	TOT	TAL OF ABOVE CAL	free indicated above	\$1020.00	<del> </del>		
Applicant claim are reduced by		See 37 CFR 1.27. The	tees indicated above	\$			
are reduced by	1/2.		SUBTOTAL =	\$1020.00			
Processing fee of \$130	0.00 for furnishing the Er	\$					
months from the earlie	est claimed priority date (	37 CFR 1.492(1)). TOTAL 1	NATIONAL FEE =	\$			
Fee for recording the	enclosed assignment (37	\$					
accompanied by an ap	propriate cover sheet (37	CFR 3.28, 3.31). \$40.00	per property + ES ENCLOSED =	\$1020.00			
		Amount to be refunded:	\$				
				charged	\$1020.00		
a. A check in	the amount of \$	to cover the	above fees is enclosed	1.			
<ul> <li>a.  A check in the amount of \$\square\$ to cover the above fees is enclosed.</li> <li>b.  Please charge my Deposit Account No. 19-0615 in the amount of \$\frac{\$1020.00}{}\$ to cover the above fees.  A duplicate copy of this sheet is enclosed.</li> </ul>							
The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge any additional fees which may be required, or credit any							
overpayment to Deposit Account No. 19-0615. A duplicate copy of this sheet is enclosed.  d.   Fees are to be charged to a credit card. WARNING: Information on this form may become public. Credit card							
information should not be included on this form. Provide credit card information and authorization on PTO-2038.							
NOTE: Where an appropriate time limit under 37 CFR 1.494 or 1.495 has not been met, a petition to revive (37 CFR 1.137 (a) or (b)) must be filed and granted to restore the application to pending status.							
SEND ALL CORRESP	ONDENCE TO:		(m)	Stan			
]							
Intellectual Propert Schlumberger –Do	y Law Department	atzer					
36 Old Quarry Road NAME							
Ridgefield, CT 06877-4108							
			REGISTRATIO	N NUMBER			

## IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re Application of	)	
Michael Charles SHEPPARD and Thomas Harvey ZIMMERMAN	)	
Appl. No.: To be Assigned Int'l Appl No.: PCT/GB00/02697		Group Art Unit:
Filed: 04 January 2002 Int'l Filing Date: 13 July 2000	)	Examiner:
For: DOWNHOLE SENSING APPARATUS	)	Docket Nº: US57.0320-WO

#### PRELIMINARY AMENDMENT

Assistant Commissioner for Patents U.S. Patent and Trademark Office P.O. Box 2327 Arlington, VA 22202

ATTENTION: Box New Patent Application

Sir

Prior to calculating the fee due for the above-identified application and prior to the first Office Action, please amend the above-identified application, as follows:

#### In the claims

Please amend claims 3, 4, 6, and 8-12, to place the claims in more suitable form for US prosecution.

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Attorney Docket No. US57.0320-WO Int'l Appl. No. PCT/GB00/02697

Page 2

Preliminary Amendment Int'l Filing Date: 13 July 2000 Filing Date: 04 January 2002

#### In the claims

- 3. (Amended) A sensing apparatus according to claim 1, wherein the sensing apparatus further comprises an actuable port means, openable to release the separable elements.
- 4. (Amended) A sensing apparatus according to claim 1, wherein the separable elements each comprise a rigid casing with a sealable aperture, the casing surrounding data storage means in which the acquired data is stored for transfer to the surface.
- 6. (Amended) A sensing apparatus according to claim 1, wherein the separable elements are spherical.
- 8. (Amended) A sensing apparatus according to claim 1, wherein the housing of the sensing apparatus and casings of the separable elements are formed from plastics material or metal.
- 9. (Amended) A sensing apparatus according to claim 1, wherein the separable elements are configured to be either neutrally buoyant or buoyant, in relation to well fluids.
- 10. (Amended) A sensing apparatus according to claim 1, wherein the separable elements have a diameter in the range of 1 to 10cm.
- 11. (Amended) A sensing apparatus according to claim 1, wherein the separable elements have a diameter in the range 1 to 5cm.
- 12. (Amended) A sensing apparatus according to claim 1, wherein the data is encrypted prior to transfer to the separable elements.

Preliminary Amendment Int'l Filing Date: 13 July 2000 Filing Date: 04 January 2002 Attorney Docket No. US57.0320-WO Int'l Appl. No. PCT/GB00/02697 Page 3

#### REMARKS

The above amendments do not add any new matter and do not address issues related to patentability. Rather the amendments are made to place the claims in more suitable form for US prosecution. Favorable consideration of this application is requested. Please do not hesitate to contact the undersigned by phone for prompt resolution of any outstanding issues. It is believed that no fee is due for this Preliminary Amendment, however, if such a fee is due, the Commissioner is authorized to charge such fee, or credit overpayment, to Deposit Account No. 19-0615.

Respectfully submitted,

William B. Batzer

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Fax: 203 431 5640 January 4, 2002

Attorney Docket No. US57.0320-WO Int'l Appl. No. PCT/GB00/02697 Page 4

Preliminary Amendment Int'l Filing Date: 13 July 2000 Filing Date: 04 January 2002

## VERSION WITH MARKINGS TO SHOW CHANGES MADE

#### In the claims

**(i)** 

- 3. (Amended) A sensing apparatus according to claim 1 [or claim 2], wherein the sensing apparatus further comprises an actuable port means, openable to release the separable elements.
- 4. (Amended) A sensing apparatus according to [any of the preceding claims] <u>claim 1</u>, wherein the separable elements each comprise a rigid casing with a sealable aperture, the casing surrounding data storage means in which the acquired data is stored for transfer to the surface.
- 6. (Amended) A sensing apparatus according to [any of the preceding claims] <u>claim 1</u>, wherein the separable elements are spherical.
- 8. (Amended) A sensing apparatus according to [any of the preceding claims] <u>claim 1</u>, wherein the housing of the sensing apparatus and casings of the separable elements are formed from plastics material or metal.
- 9. (Amended) A sensing apparatus according to [any of the preceding claims] <u>claim 1</u>, wherein the separable elements are configured to be either neutrally buoyant or buoyant, in relation to well fluids.
- 10. (Amended) A sensing apparatus according to [any of the preceding claims] <u>claim 1</u>, wherein the separable elements have a diameter in the range of 1 to 10cm.
- 11. (Amended) A sensing apparatus according to [any of the claims 1 to 9] <u>claim 1</u>, wherein the separable elements have a diameter in the range 1 to 5cm.
- 12. (Amended) A sensing apparatus according to [any of the claims 1 to 11] <u>claim 1</u>, wherein the data is encrypted prior to transfer to the separable elements.

WO 01/04661

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## Downhole Sensing Apparatus With Separable Elements

## FIELD OF THE INVENTION:

The invention relates to a sensing apparatus particularly suitable for use downhole within oil and gas wells.

## BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION:

Gathering of information relating to a well

10 is possible by lowering a logging tool on a wireline into a well. The logging tool acquires data relating to the well characteristics, such as fluid velocity and temperature, and typically transmits the logged data to surface by telemetry along the wireline. However

15 logging tools on wirelines often get caught within the well, leading to problems of acquiring data at desired positions and also retrieval of the tool.

Self-powered robotic logging devices have

20 been developed to avoid the need for use of a wireline.

It is relatively easy to get a self-powered robotic device to the bottom of a well because downwards travel of the device involves moving from smaller diameter production tubing to larger diameters at the bottom of the well. However difficulties occur in retrieving such devices because the return journey to the surface involves locating, and passage through, the smaller diameter opening.

30 It is one aim of the present invention to provide a sensing apparatus which at least in part

overcomes the existing difficulties with robotic logging devices.

#### 5 SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION:

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In accordance with one aspect of the invention, there is provided sensing apparatus comprising a housing and sensing means, characterised in that the housing contains a plurality of separable elements to which data acquired by the sensing means is transferred, and which are releasable, after data transfer, from the housing.

15 The separable elements act as passive receptors for data acquired from the sensing means, and in this way, an autonomously powered device can be sent downhole and left in place while data is transferred to the surface over time by sending the separable elements 20 back to the surface, so extending the useful lifetime of the sensing apparatus.

The sensing means may include or be connected to electronic memory means which temporarily stores the acquired data. The stored data can be downloaded to a further memory device in a separable element when required.

Preferably the sensing apparatus comprises

30 actuable port means, openable to release the separable elements.

preferably the separable elements each comprise a rigid casing, with a sealable aperture, the casing surrounding data storage means, such as a memory chip, in which the acquired data is stored for transfer to the surface. The aperture allows a connection to be made to the data storage means therein so that data can be written thereto. Closure and sealing of the aperture permits watertight sealing of the element to protect the memory chip from wellbore fluids once the separable element is released.

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Preferably the aperture is surrounded by a sealing material, typically made of thermosetting plastics material, which can be heat treated within the housing so as to provide a fluid-tight seal which is continuous with the casing surface. This improves the robustness of the separable element.

20 The separable elements are preferably spherical so as to reduce the likelihood that they will snag on protrusions within the interior of the well. Thus typically each separable element will comprise two hollow metal hemi-spheres, joined by a plastics seal to form a sphere.

preferably the separable elements are also configured to be either neutrally buoyant, or buoyant, in relation to well fluids, so that they are easily carried to surface.

Generally the separable elements have a diameter in the range of 1 to 10cm, and more preferably in the range 1 to 5cm, so that they can easily transfer from downhole large diameter sections to smaller diameter tubing nearer the surface. Typically a large number of separable elements are contained in the housing, of the order of 100-500 elements.

The housing of the sensing apparatus and the casings of the separable elements may be formed from plastics material or metal.

The invention also lies in the provision of separable elements in a downhole sensing apparatus as aforesaid.

In accordance with another aspect of the invention, there is also provided a method of acquiring data from downhole, comprising placing downhole a sensing apparatus containing a number of separable elements and releasing the elements to carry acquired data to the surface as required.

## BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS:

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The invention will now be described by way of example, and with reference to, the accompanying drawings in which:

PCT/GB00/02697 WO 01/04661

Figure 1 shows a schematic diagram of a sensing apparatus according to the present invention during travel downhole;

Figure 2 shows a cross-section of the sensing 5 apparatus; and

Figure 3 shows a section along line III-III of Figure 2.

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## DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION:

In Figure 1, a completed well 10 is shown, with production tubing 12 cemented into position centrally within a borehole 14. The production tubing 15 12 is capped at surface and an autonomous sensing apparatus or tool 16, which has been transferred through a cap 20 to travel downhole under its own power, is shown passing down the wellbore 14 from position A to position B, and thence to beyond position 20 C where it emerges into the completion.

As the tool 16 passes downhole, data is either acquired continuously by the tool 16 or acquired at fixed depths along the wellbore 14, with the tool 16 measuring various characteristics including pressure, temperature, flow rate and chemical species. measurements are referenced to the position in the completion either by counting casing collars and using existing knowledge of the location of perforation sites 30 within the walls of the completion, or by integrating

the velocity of the tool as derived from on-board sensors.

The velocity of the tool 16 is typically sensed by including a pair of sonic source/sensor packages or a pair of infra red source/sensor packages to sample the borehole wall and configure such that cross-correlation of the source/receiver pair will provide velocity of the tool.

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The sensing apparatus 16 is shown in cross-section in Figure 2. This robotic device has a body 22 with a total length of around 2.1m and is generally comprised of three sections, a rear 24, a front 26 and a middle section 30. The middle section 30 is a hollow cylindrical metal casing of diameter 0.114m which contains and surrounds components carried by the device 16. Attached to each end of the middle section 30 are respective cone sections 32, 34 which are truncated with a hemi-spherical surface to improve the aerodynamic structure of the device.

The first cone 32 forms a front nose of the device 16, with the second cone 34 attached to the rear of the casing carrying a propeller 36. To strengthen the device 16, an internal carbon fibre wall 40 formed as a hollow cylinder around 7mm wall thickness is inserted into the middle section 30 to improve rigidity and robustness of the device 16, and also to protect components contained within the middle section when downhole. The carbon fibre wall 40 thus encases active

sensing and data storage components which are contained within the device 16, and the wall 40 is generally provided with a number of individual compartments so that different parts of the middle section 30 can be sealed with respect to other compartments.

Towards the rear end of the middle section

30, a motor 42 is provided which is attached to the propeller 36 carried on the second cone 34. The motor

42 and other electrical components within the device are powered by three batteries 44 arranged in series, and the motor 42 turns the propeller 36 to drive the device 16 downhole. Where the motor 42 and propeller 36 are attached, shaft seals 46 are used to ensure that the rear end of the middle section is sealed against external fluid.

A ballast holder 50 is placed centrally of the middle section 30, and an appropriate amount of ballast introduced into this container so that the tool 20 16 is neutrally buoyant, i.e. it neither sinks nor rises within the fluid downhole. This ensures that the tool 16 can be powered through the produced fluids by the motor 42 and associated propeller 36. A variety of sensors 52, 54, 56, 58 are included within the body of 25 the device 16 to sense various parameters downhole including pressure, temperature, flow rate, chemical species, magnetic flux and fluid composition. provided by the sensors 52, 54, 56, 58 is stored in data acquisition and control board 62 which, like the 30 motor 42, is powered by the three batteries 44.

Towards the front end of the middle section, a large number of releasable elements 64, or memory fish, are contained in a front compartment 68 which is sealed from the remainder of the device. The 5 compartment need not be sealed hermetically. releasable elements 64 are carried on and detachably connected to a bus 66 which is in electrical communication with the data acquisition and control board 62. The front compartment 68 is provided with a 10 flap 70 in its external wall, which whilst normally closed, opens to allow release of selected fish in response to a command from the control board 62. The control board 62 is pre-programmed at surface before the device 16 goes downhole with a program which 15 instructs release of the elements 64 in a chosen manner, typically to release a small number of fish at spaced apart intervals of time over a few years.

20 Each fish 64 comprises a hollow sphere 72 of around 3 to 5cm diameter made substantially of metal and which encases a memory chip 74 to which data can be downloaded via bus 66 from the data acquisition and control board 62. The sphere 72 has an aperture 76 surrounded by heat-sealable material, such as thermosetting plastics material, so that the fish is a completely sealed device. Electrodes 80 on the bus 66 communicate with the memory chip 74 of each fish 64 either inductively or by any other indirect means such as infra-red, or by direct combat through electrical pin conductors attached to the electrodes 80 protruding

into the sphere through the aperture as shown in Figure 3 so as to establish an electrical connection with the chip. Additionally, the data can be encrypted prior to being transferred to the fish. For example, the encryption could be carried out on data acquisition and control board 62, and the encrypted data could be transmitted to memory chips 74 as described.

When a fish is ready for release, it is

mechanically raised from the location where it mates
with the electrodes 80 so as to separate it from the
electrodes on the bus. The opening where the
electrodes connected with the chip is sealed by use of
a heating element on the sealable material so as to

form a substantially smooth water-tight sphere, and
then the fish is released. The smooth sealed sphere is
robust and resistant to ingress of fluid.

The fish 64 are essentially chips embedded in 20 low density plastics material and can be as small as 1cm2, or less, and larger if necessary.

The robotic device 16 can carry up to hundreds of small memory fish 64, which are either

25 neutrally buoyant or partially buoyant and after each set of measurements instructed via the control board 62, the board downloads the collected data to a chosen number of fish 64, and then instructs separation of the selected fish from the bus 66, sealing of the spheres

30 74 ready for release, and then opening of flap 70 to release the spheres 74. The fish released into the

fluid flowing in the well are swept upwards and are then retrieved at surface. Retrieval of the fish at surface can be assisted by selecting the size and shape of the plastics body 72 of the fish. Typically the same data is written to more than one fish so that the chances of retrieval of the data are maximised. If the data in the fish had been encrypted, the data will then be decrypted after retrieval.

Before release of the memory fish 64 into the flow, the tool 16 is programmed to send an acoustic signal by using a transducer, the acoustic signal travelling to surface either via the fluid or the tubulars, so as to alert crew at surface that the release is about to take place and that steps should be taken to retrieve the memory fish. Alternatively the fish may be released at a pre-determined time.

By using the memory fish 64, a robotic

20 production logging device which has been sent to the bottom of a well can lie within the well over a period of time whilst still providing measurements that can be sent to surface via the fish. By providing a large number of memory fish, typically 300-500, within the

25 sensing apparatus and releasing these at selected intervals, the well can be monitored over, for example, 3 to 5 years.

With a robotic logging device, it is much 30 easier to send the device to the bottom of a well than it is to get it to travel back to surface. This is

largely because of the geometry of the tubulars used to encase the internal wall of the well structure as when the robotic device travels from position A to position C, for example, the device moves from smaller diameter tubes of the production tubing to larger tubes of the completion. For the robotic device to travel back to surface, it must travel from a larger diameter tube into a smaller opening, which involves difficulties with locating and entering the smaller tubing. The present invention allows the logging device to remain downhole, whilst still permitting logged data to reach the surface by using the small passive data receptors to carry data to surface by being carried up within the fluid to the surface.

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The tool can thus sample the well over depth and over periods of time to provide information about the evolution of the downhole flow and fluid character, both of a chemical and physical nature. The device provides a simple production logging tool which avoids well intervention and ensures that wells can be logged cheaply when a convention approach would be too costly.

The sensing apparatus does not necessarily

25 need to be an autonomously powered device, but could be provided either on wireline or even within the casing used to complete the well.

While preferred embodiments of the invention have been described, the descriptions are merely illustrative and are not intended to limit the present invention.

#### CLAIMS

#### What is claimed is:

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- 1. A sensing apparatus comprising a housing and sensing means, characterised in that the housing comprises a plurality of separable elements to which data acquired by the sensing means is transferred, and which are releasable, after data transfer, from the housing.
  - 2. A sensing apparatus according to claim 1, wherein the sensing means includes or is connected to electronic memory means which temporarily stores the acquired data.
  - 3. A sensing apparatus according to claim 1 or claim 2, wherein the sensing apparatus further comprises an actuable port means, openable to release the separable elements.
  - 4. A sensing apparatus according to any of the preceding claims, wherein the separable elements each comprise a rigid casing with a sealable aperture, the casing surrounding data storage means in which the acquired data is stored for transfer to the surface.
- 5. A sensing apparatus according to claim 4, wherein the sealable aperture is formed by an aperture surrounded by a sealing material, with the sealing material being heat treatable within the housing so as

to provide a fluid-tight seal which is continuous with the casing surface.

- 6. A sensing apparatus according to any of the preceding claims, wherein the separable elements are spherical.
- 7. A sensing apparatus according to claim 6, wherein each separable element comprises two hollow metal hemi-spheres, joined by a plastics seal to form a sphere.
- 8. A sensing apparatus according to any of the preceding claims, wherein the housing of the sensing apparatus and casings of the separable elements are formed from plastics material or metal.
- A sensing apparatus according to any of the preceding claims, wherein the separable elements
   are configured to be either neutrally buoyant or buoyant, in relation to well fluids.
- 10. A sensing apparatus according to any of the preceding claims, wherein the separable elements25 have a diameter in the range of 1 to 10cm.
  - 11. A sensing apparatus according to any of the claims 1 to 9, wherein the separable elements have a diameter in the range 1 to 5cm.

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- 12. A sensing apparatus according to any of the claims 1 to 11, wherein the data is encrypted prior to transfer to the separable elements.
- 13. A method of acquiring data from downhole, comprising placing downhole a sensing apparatus containing a number of separable elements and releasing the elements to carry acquired data to the surface as required.

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14. Apparatus and method substantially as herein described with reference to, and as illustrated in, the accompanying drawings.

## (12) INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION PUBLISHED UNDER THE PATENT COOPERATION TREATY (PCT)

## (19) World Intellectual Property Organization International Bureau



## 

## (43) International Publication Date 18 January 2001 (18.01.2001)

#### **PCT**

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- (22) International Filing Date: 13 July 2000 (13.07.2000)
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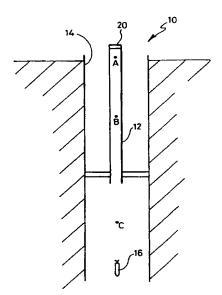
14 July 1999 (14.07.1999) GI

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[Continued on next page]

(54) Title: DOWNHOLE SENSING APPARATUS WITH SEPARABLE ELEMENTS



1/04661 A2

(57) Abstract: A sensing apparatus (16) is provided for use downhole, comprising a housing (22) and sensing means (52, 54, 56, 58) with the housing (22) containing a plurality of separable elements (64) to which data acquired by the sensing means (52, 54, 56, 58) is transferred. The separable elements (64) are releasable from the housing to convey the acquired data to surface. The separable elements have a spherical outer casing (72) of around 1 to 10 cm diameter which surrounds a memory chip (74). The casing (72) has a sealable aperture (76) so that electrical connection to the chip (74) can be established within the housing.

WO 01/04661

PCT/GB00/02697

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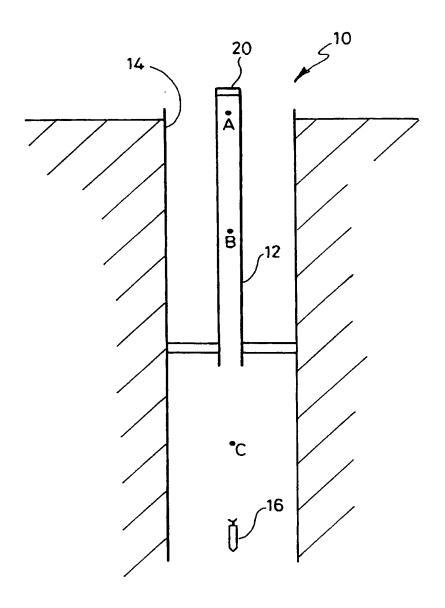


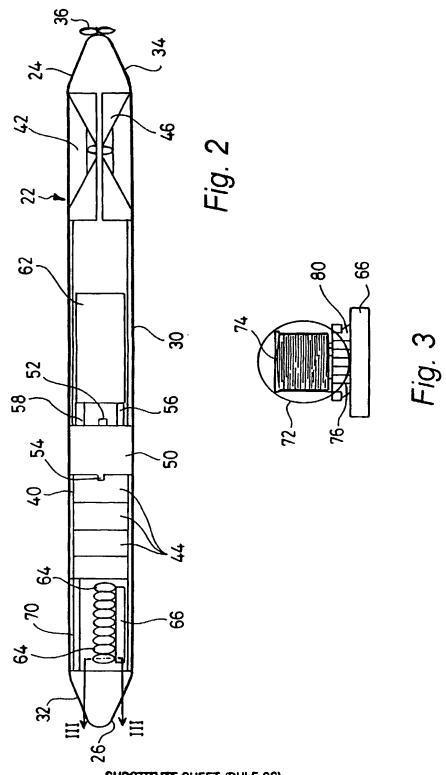
Fig. 1

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PCT/GB00/02697

WO 01/04661

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**SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)** 



 $\boxtimes$ 

## DECLARATION FOR PATENT APPLICATION AND POWER OF ATTORNEY

As a below named inventor, I/We hereby declare that:

the specification of which

is attached hereto.

was filed on 13 July 2000

and was amended on

as PCT International Application No. PCT/GB00/02697

My/Our residence, post office address(s) and citizenship(s) are as stated below next to my/our name(s), and

I/We believe I/We am/are the original, first and sole inventor of the subject matter which is claimed (if only one name is listed below) or an original and first inventor of at least some of the subject matter which is claimed (if plural names are listed below) and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled

#### DOWNHOLE SENSING APPARATUS WITH SEPARABLE ELEMENTS

(if applicable).

I/We hereby state that I/we have reviewed and understand the contents of the above identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above.									
I/We acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to the examination of this application in accordance with Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, Section 1.56(a).									
Prior Foreign Application(s)									
I/We hereby claim foreign priority benefits under Title 35, United States Code, Section 119 of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate listed below and have also identified below any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate having a filing date before that of the application on which priority is claimed:									
Country	Application No.		Issued (d/m/y)	Priority Claimed					
Great Britain	9916350.3	(14/07/99) 14 July 1999		Y 🛛 N 🗌					
				Y N					
Prior United States Applications  I/We hereby claim the benefit under Title 35, United States Code, Section 120 of any United States application(s) listed below and, insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in the prior United States application in the manner provided by the first paragraph of Title 35, United States Code, Section 112, I/We acknowledge the duty to disclose material information as defined in Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, Section 1.56(a) which occurred between the filing date of the prior application and the national or PCT international filing date of this application:									
Application Serial N	o. Filir	g Date (d/m/y)	Status (Patented, Penc	ling, Abandoned)					





And, I/We hereby appoint, both jointly and severally, as my attorney(s) and/or agent(s) with fall power of substitution and revocation, to prosecute this application and to transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected herewith the following attorney(s) and agent(s), their registration numbers being listed after their names.

John J. Ryberg, 31,134; William B. Batzer, 37,088; and William L. Wang, 39,871

I/We hereby request that all correspondence be directed to:

Intellectual Property Law Department, Schlumberger-Doll Research, 36 Old Quarry Rd., Ridgefield, CT 06877,

and that all telephone calls be directed to the Intellectual Property Law Department at (203) 431-5507.

I hereby declare (if sole inventor) or each of us hereby declares (if joint inventors) that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issuing thereon.

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